

Quantum Mechanics Summer 2003- Homework Set 3

Due at beginning of class July 28, 2003.

Cohen-Tannoudji Problems - in L_{III}

- 1
- 5 Part a and b only.
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- 12
- 13 (Skip γ)
- 14

Griffith Problems

Problem G1 Calculate the uncertainty relation for the observables \hat{X} and \hat{H} , where $H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$.

Problem G2 Consider the simple harmonic oscillator potential $V(x) = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$.

- Write the hamiltonian of the system.
- Compute the time rate of change average of the position, momentum, and kinetic energy.

Problem G3 Consider a system with only two linearly independent states,

$$|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$|2\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The vectors in the state space are normalized linear combinations of these states

$$|\psi\rangle = a|1\rangle + b|2\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

The vectors evolve under the Hamiltonian

$$\hat{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h & g \\ g & h \end{pmatrix}$$

where h and g are real constants.

- Verify that \hat{H} is Hermitian.

- (b) Find its eigenvalues (note they are real).
- (c) Find the normalized eigenvectors.
- (d) Solve for $|\psi\rangle$ as a function of time.

Problem G4 A particle of mass m is in the ground state of an infinite square well of length $0 < x < a$. The well suddenly doubles in length to $0 < x < 2a$ leaving the wave function unchanged. The energy of the particle is then measured.

- (a) What is the probability of finding the system in its ground state?
- (b) What is the probability of finding the system in its first excited state?
- (c) What is the expectation value of the energy?